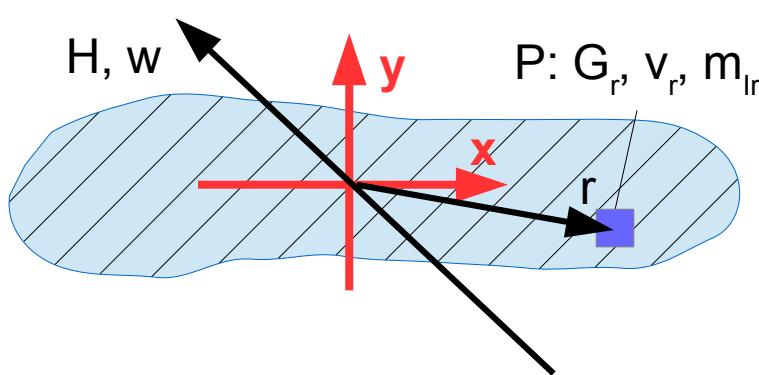


Mathematical treatise: [kg*m^2/s] and [radians/s] conversion

Converting angular momentum [kg*m^2/s] to angular velocity [radians/s]

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\vec{H}	Angular momentum
$\vec{\omega}$	Angular velocity
\vec{r}	Offset
\vec{G}_r	Particle linear momentum
\vec{v}_r	Particle linear velocity
\vec{m}_{lr}	Particle mass vector
I	Moment of Inertia Tensor

$$I = [\vec{I}_x, \vec{I}_y, \vec{I}_z] = \begin{bmatrix} I_{x,x} & I_{y,x} & I_{z,x} \\ I_{x,y} & I_{y,y} & I_{z,y} \\ I_{x,z} & I_{y,z} & I_{z,z} \end{bmatrix}$$

At first we thought $|H| = I\omega$ meant $\vec{H} = I\vec{\omega} \rightarrow \vec{\omega} = I^{-1}\vec{H}$. Which turns out being wrong when we ran it in our impulse-momentum-based physics engine. So it was decided to crack down how to reliable convert angular momentum \vec{H} kg*m^2/s to angular velocity $\vec{\omega}$ radians/s.

There is a possibility that the moment of Inertia tensor I is not aligned with the base axis → not diagonalized. Which is the preferred case. This will be solved by making sure that I is diagonalized.

We could say that the I tensor got 2 properties; magnitudescalars I_S and rotation I_R .

$$I = I_R I_S = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{I}_{Rx} & \vec{I}_{Ry} & \vec{I}_{Rz} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{Sxx} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & I_{Syy} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I_{Szz} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{Rxx} & I_{Ryx} & I_{Rzx} \\ I_{Rxy} & I_{Ryy} & I_{Rzy} \\ I_{Rxz} & I_{Ryz} & I_{Rzz} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{Sxx} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & I_{Syy} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I_{Szz} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} I_{Sxx} I_{Rxx} & I_{Syy} I_{Ryx} & I_{Szz} I_{Rzx} \\ I_{Sxx} I_{Rxy} & I_{Syy} I_{Ryy} & I_{Szz} I_{Rzy} \\ I_{Sxx} I_{Rxz} & I_{Syy} I_{Ryz} & I_{Szz} I_{Rzz} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_{Sxx} \vec{I}_{Rx} & I_{Syy} \vec{I}_{Ry} & I_{Szz} \vec{I}_{Rz} \end{bmatrix}$$

From this point on is $i \in \{x, y, z\}$ to avoid redundancy in this document.

To ensure that the moment of inertia tensor I is diagonalized, we'll transform everything into the local space of $I_R \rightarrow I_R = \text{identitymatrix } [\hat{e}_x, \hat{e}_y, \hat{e}_z]$.

$$I'_R = [\hat{e}_x, \hat{e}_y, \hat{e}_z] = I_R^{-1} * I_R$$

$$\vec{H}' = I_R^{-1} \vec{H}$$

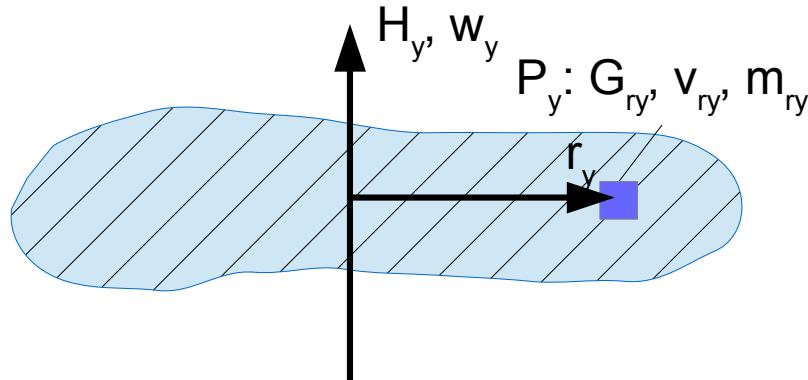
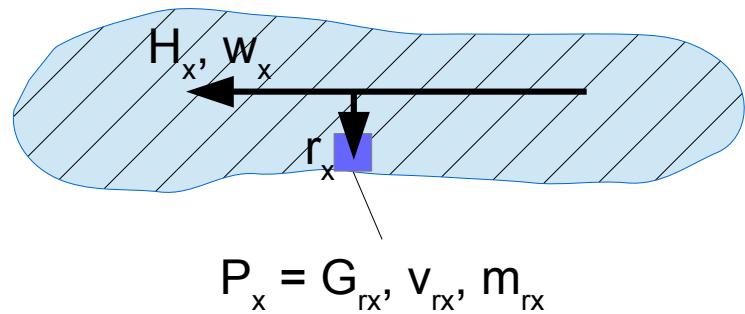
$$\vec{w}' = I_R^{-1} \vec{w}$$

$$\vec{r}' = I_R^{-1} \vec{r}$$

$$\vec{G}'_r = I_R^{-1} \vec{G}_r$$

$$\vec{v}'_r = I_R^{-1} \vec{v}_r$$

$$m'_{ri}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{H}'_i &= (\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_i) \hat{e}_i \\ \vec{r}'_i &= \vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_i) \hat{e}_i \\ \vec{w}'_i &= (\vec{w} \cdot \hat{e}_i) \hat{e}_i = \vec{r}'_i \times \vec{v}'_r \\ \vec{G}'_{ri} &= m'_{ri} \vec{v}'_r \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \vec{v}'_r &= \vec{G}'_{ri} \frac{1}{m'_{ri}} \\ \vec{H}'_i &= \vec{r}'_i \times \vec{G}'_r \rightarrow \\ \rightarrow \vec{G}'_{ri} &= (\vec{H}'_i \times \vec{r}'_i) * \frac{1}{|\vec{r}'_i|^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$I_{pi} = m'_{ri} |\vec{r}'_i|^2 \rightarrow m'_{ri} = \frac{I_{pi}}{|\vec{r}'_i|^2}, \quad \{I_{pi} = I_{Sii}\} \rightarrow m'_{ri} = \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}'_i|^2}$$

$$\vec{w}'_i = \vec{r}'_i \times \vec{v}'_r = \vec{r}'_i \times (\vec{G}'_{ri} \frac{1}{m'_{ri}}) = \vec{r}'_i \times (\vec{G}'_{ri} \frac{1}{\frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}'_i|^2}}) = \vec{r}'_i \times (\vec{G}'_{ri} \frac{|\vec{r}'_i|^2}{I_{Sii}})$$

$$\vec{w}_i = \vec{r}_i \times (((\vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2}) \frac{|\vec{r}_i|^2}{I_{Sii}}) = (\vec{r}_i \times \vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{I_{Sii}}$$

$$\{\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \times \vec{a} = |\vec{a}|^2 \vec{b}\} \rightarrow \vec{w}_i = |\vec{r}_i|^2 \vec{H}_i \frac{1}{I_{Sii}} = \frac{|\vec{r}_i|^2}{I_{Sii}} * \vec{H}_i$$

To wrap it up, we sum the 3 local axis cases together and then transform into our targeted angular velocity \vec{w} .

$$\vec{w} = \sum_{i \in \{x, y, z\}} \vec{w}_i = \vec{w}_x + \vec{w}_y + \vec{w}_z = \frac{|\vec{r}_x|^2}{I_{Sxx}} \vec{H}_x + \frac{|\vec{r}_y|^2}{I_{Syy}} \vec{H}_y + \frac{|\vec{r}_z|^2}{I_{Szz}} \vec{H}_z$$

$$\vec{w} = \frac{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_x) \hat{e}_x|^2}{I_{Sxx}} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_x) \hat{e}_x) + \frac{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_y) \hat{e}_y|^2}{I_{Syy}} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_y) \hat{e}_y) + \frac{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_z) \hat{e}_z|^2}{I_{Szz}} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_z) \hat{e}_z)$$

$$\vec{w} = \left(\frac{(r_y)^2 + (r_z)^2}{I_{Sxx}} H_x, \quad \frac{(r_x)^2 + (r_z)^2}{I_{Syy}} H_y, \quad \frac{(r_x)^2 + (r_y)^2}{I_{Szz}} H_z \right)$$

$$\vec{w} = I_R \vec{w} [m/s]$$

Hold on! \vec{r} should not be a factor when it comes to a direct $H[kg m^2/s] \rightarrow w[\text{radians/s}]$ conversion. And you would be correct to state that. The thing is that radians/s is directly equivalent with m/s if and only if $|\vec{r}| = 1$.

$$\text{Set } \vec{r} = (\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$$

$$|\vec{w}| = \left\| \frac{3+3}{I_{Sxx}} H_x, \quad \frac{3+3}{I_{Syy}} H_y, \quad \frac{3+3}{I_{Szz}} H_z \right\|$$

$$|\vec{w}| = \left\| \frac{6}{I_{Sxx}} H_x, \quad \frac{6}{I_{Syy}} H_y, \quad \frac{6}{I_{Szz}} H_z \right\|$$

$$|\vec{w}| = |\vec{w}| = |6 * I_S^{-1} \vec{H}| = |6 * I_S^{-1} I_R^{-1} \vec{H}| = |6 * I^{-1} \vec{H}|$$

$$\vec{w} = |\vec{w}| \hat{w} = |\vec{w}| \hat{H} = \frac{|\vec{w}|}{|\vec{H}|} \vec{H} = \frac{|6 * I_S^{-1} I_R^{-1} \vec{H}|}{|\vec{H}|} \vec{H} = \frac{|6 * I^{-1} \vec{H}|}{|\vec{H}|} \vec{H} [\text{radians/s}]$$

And there we have it! A direct conversion from $kg m^2/s$ to radians/s .

Howether, before we celebrate. We'll need a way to directly convert radians/s to $kg m^2/s$.

$$\vec{w}_i = \vec{r}_i \times \vec{v}_{ri} \rightarrow \vec{v}_{ri} = (\vec{w}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2} = \vec{G}_{ri} \frac{1}{m_{ri}} = ((\vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2}) \frac{1}{\left(\frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^2}\right)} = ((\vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2}) \frac{|\vec{r}_i|^2}{I_{Sii}}$$

$$(\vec{w}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2} = (\vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{1}{I_{Sii}} \rightarrow (\vec{w}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^2} = \vec{H}_i \times \vec{r}_i \rightarrow \vec{H}_i = (\vec{r}_i \times ((\vec{w}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^2})) \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_i|^2}$$

$$\vec{H}_i = (\vec{r}_i \times \vec{w}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^4} = |\vec{r}_i|^2 \vec{w}_i \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^4} = \frac{I_{Sii}}{|\vec{r}_i|^2} \vec{w}_i$$

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$$\vec{H}^{\cdot} = \sum_{i \in \{x, y, z\}} \vec{H}_i^{\cdot} = \vec{H}_x^{\cdot} + \vec{H}_y^{\cdot} + \vec{H}_z^{\cdot} = \frac{I_{Sxx}}{|\vec{r}_x|^2} \vec{w}_x^{\cdot} + \frac{I_{Syy}}{|\vec{r}_y|^2} \vec{w}_y^{\cdot} + \frac{I_{Szz}}{|\vec{r}_z|^2} \vec{w}_z^{\cdot}$$

$$\vec{H}^{\cdot} = \frac{I_{Sxx}}{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_x) \hat{e}_x|^2} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_x) \hat{e}_x) + \frac{I_{Syy}}{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_y) \hat{e}_y|^2} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_y) \hat{e}_y) + \frac{I_{Szz}}{|\vec{r} - (\vec{r} \cdot \hat{e}_z) \hat{e}_z|^2} ((\vec{H} \cdot \hat{e}_z) \hat{e}_z)$$

$$\vec{H}^{\cdot} = \left(\frac{I_{Sxx}}{(r_y^2 + r_z^2)^2} w_x^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Syy}}{(r_x^2 + r_z^2)^2} w_y^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Szz}}{(r_x^2 + r_y^2)^2} w_z^{\cdot} \right)$$

$$\vec{H} = I_R * \vec{H}^{\cdot} [kg m^2/s]$$

$$\text{Set } \vec{r} = (\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{3})$$

$$|\vec{H}| = \left| \left(\frac{I_{Sxx}}{3+3} w_x^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Syy}}{3+3} w_y^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Szz}}{3+3} w_z^{\cdot} \right) \right| = \left| \left(\frac{I_{Sxx}}{6} w_x^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Syy}}{6} w_y^{\cdot}, \quad \frac{I_{Szz}}{6} w_z^{\cdot} \right) \right|$$

$$|\vec{H}| = |\vec{H}^{\cdot}| = \left| \frac{1}{6} I_S \vec{w} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{6} I_S I_R^{-1} \vec{w} \right|$$

$$\vec{H} = |\vec{H}| \hat{H} = |\vec{H}| \hat{w} = \frac{|\vec{H}|}{|\vec{w}|} \vec{w} = \frac{\left| \frac{1}{6} I_S I_R^{-1} \vec{w} \right|}{|\vec{w}|} \vec{w} [kg m^2/s]$$

Summary

$$\vec{w} = \frac{|6 * I_S^{-1} I_R^{-1} \vec{H}|}{|\vec{H}|} \vec{H} = \frac{|6 * I^{-1} \vec{H}|}{|\vec{H}|} \vec{H} [\text{radians/s}]$$

$$\vec{H} = \frac{\left| \frac{1}{6} I_S I_R^{-1} \vec{w} \right|}{|\vec{w}|} \vec{w} [kg m^2/s]$$